Michele Ballard Miller (SBN 104198) 1 onignat mbm@millerlawgroup.com Gregory F. Fortescue (SBN 249133) 2 aff@millerlawgroup.com JUN 22 2011 3 MILLER LAW GROUP A Professional Corporation NICHARD WART ING 111 Sutter Street, Suite 700 4 San Francisco, CA 94104 Roundade Lie (rife) of colline line 5 Tel. (415) 464-4300 Fax (415) 464-4336 E Aller 6 Attorneys for Defendant GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 Gas No.: 11 3080 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION 11 12 TERRY THOMAS, 13 14 NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF ACTION Plaintiff. **UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 1441(b) (Diversity)** 15 16 GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, 17 doing business in the State of a [sic] California Complaint filed: May 9, 2011 and DOES 1- 100, inclusive, 18 19 Defendant. 20 21 TO THE CLERK OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT: 23 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441 and 1446, 24 Defendant GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY ("Defendant") hereby removes to 25 this Court the state court action described below. 26 27 28

NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF ACTION UNDER 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(a), 1441(a) (Diversity)

Case No.: ______

I. INTRODUCTION

This case is hereby removed from state court to federal court because at the time the Complaint was filed, and at the present time, complete diversity of citizenship exists between the parties to this action and the alleged amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000. Accordingly, this Court has original jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a).

II. THE STATE COURT ACTION

On May 9, 2011, Plaintiff Terry Thomas filed a Complaint for Damages against Defendant in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Marin, entitled TERRY THOMAS v. GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, doing business in the State of a [sic] California, AND DOES 1-100, inclusive Case No. CIV-1102349. The Complaint alleges four causes of action against Defendant including: (1) Age Discrimination in violation of the California Fair Employment and Housing Act ("FEHA"); (2) Wrongful Discharge and/or Tortious [sic] Constructive Discharge in Violation of Public Policy; (3) Slander; (4) Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress. The Complaint and Summons was served by hand on Defendant's agent for service of process on May 23, 2011. A true and correct copy of the Complaint is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

On June 21, 2011, Defendant filed and served its Answer to Complaint in state court, a true and correct copy of which is attached as **Exhibit B**.

In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and incorporated by reference are copies of the papers originally served on Defendant (except for the Complaint which is attached as **Exhibit A**).

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1146(d), Defendant shall give Plaintiff, through his

attorney of record, written notice of the filing of this Notice of Removal, and shall file written notice of the filing of this Notice of Removal with the Clerk of the Superior Court of the County of Marin, attaching thereto a copy of this Notice of Removal. A true and correct copy of the Notice of Removal of Action to be filed with the state court is attached as **Exhibit D**.

No further proceedings have been had, and fewer than thirty (30) days have elapsed since this action became removable to this Court. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b), this Notice is timely filed with this Court.

III. JOINDER

Defendant is not aware of any other defendant having been served with a copy of the Complaint.

IV. DIVERSITY JURISDICTION

The state court action is a civil action over which this Court has original jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1332 based on diversity jurisdiction. The state court action is properly removable to this Court in that it is a civil action between citizens of different states in which the amount in controversy exceeds the sum of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs, as explained below.

A. The Parties' Citizenship

There is complete diversity of citizenship because the operative parties, Plaintiff and Defendant are citizens of different states. The only other defendants identified in Plaintiff's Complaint are fictitious parties identified as "DOES I-100." The citizenship of these defendants is disregarded for purposes of removal. 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a).

As of May 9, 2011, when the Complaint was filed and at all times mentioned in the Complaint, Plaintiff was a citizen and resident of the State of California. See Complaint, ¶ 1 (Exhibit A).

As of May 9, 2011, when the Complaint was filed, and at the present time, Defendant was and is a Maryland Corporation with its principal place of business in Chevy Chase, Maryland. Declaration of William C.E. Robinson in Support of Defendant's Notice of Removal ("Robinson Decl."), at ¶ 2. Accordingly, Defendant was and is a citizen of Maryland. ¹ 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(1).

As of May 9, 2011, when the Complaint was filed, and at the present time, Defendant was not a citizen of California, and thus complete diversity exists.

B. The Amount in Controversy

The amount in controversy between the parties exceeds the minimum sum of \$75,000 set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a), exclusive of interest and costs. In this lawsuit, Plaintiff is seeking recovery of lost earnings and other employment related benefits, damages to his professional reputation, damages for alleged emotional distress, and other compensatory damages as well as attorney's fees, costs and punitive damages. Complaint, at ¶¶ 42-43, 49-50, 54, 57-58, Prayer for Relief, page 11. (Exhibit A).

Plaintiff was terminated in April, 2010. Complaint at ¶¶ 27, 33. At the time of

¹ Plaintiff named GEICO General Insurance Company as defendant in this action, but Plaintiff was not employed by this entity, rather he was employed by Government Employees Insurance Company. Declaration of Irene Citron in Support of Defendant's Notice of Removal ("Citron Decl."), at ¶ 3. Nevertheless, Government Employees Insurance Company, which wholly owns Defendant, is also a citizen of Maryland for diversity purposes. Robinson Decl., at ¶ 3.

his termination, Plaintiff earned \$26.62 per hour and worked on average 38.75 hours per week. Citron Decl., at ¶ 4. That yields an average of \$1,031.52 per week. Plaintiff has been terminated for approximately 63 weeks already. Thus we can safely assume that he would seek at least \$64,986 in back pay alone as of the date of removal.

Plaintiff is also seeking recovery of employment-related benefits. At the time of termination, Plaintiff was receiving health insurance coverage for himself and his dependents through Government Employees Insurance Company's group plan, and the employer cost of coverage was \$321.36 every two weeks. Citron Decl., at ¶ 5. Therefore, as of the date of removal, the total cost of lost health insurance coverage was approximately \$10,123. That amount coupled with the back pay claim alone meets the jurisdictional requirement.²

Punitive damages are a part of the amount in controversy in a civil action where they are recoverable as a matter of law. See, Simmons v. PCR Tech., 209 F. Supp. 2d 1029, 1033 (N.D. Cal. 2002); Gibson v. Chrysler Corp., 261 F.3d 927, 945 (9th Cir. 2001). FEHA discrimination cases may result in awards of punitive damages which meet the jurisdictional threshold. See, e.g., Roby v. McKesson, 47 Cal. 4th 686 (2009).

Plaintiff's claim for emotional distress damages is also part of the amount in controversy. See Simmons, 209 F. Supp. 2d at 1034 ("emotional distress damages in a successful employment discrimination case may be substantial").

² In addition to health insurance coverage, Plaintiff was receiving other employer-paid benefits such as group term life insurance coverage and long-term care insurance coverage. Citron Decl., at ¶ 6. Additionally, the Company regularly funded a pension plan in which Plaintiff was eligible participant during his employment. *Id.* It is also determined, on an annual basis, whether to make discretionary contributions to a profit-sharing plan, and if any contribution is to be made in a particular year, the amount of that contribution. *Id.* Plaintiff participated in this profit-sharing plan prior to his termination. *Id.*

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Finally, Plaintiff seeks recovery of attorneys' fees. Complaint, at ¶¶ 42, Prayer for Relief, page 11. (Exhibit A). Attorneys' fees are provided to a prevailing plaintiff under the FEHA. Cal. Govt. Code § 12965(b). Courts should include in their amount in controversy calculation damages and attorneys' fees that, although not yet accrued, are reasonable to anticipate. Brady v. Mercedes-Benz USA, Inc., 243 F. Supp. 2d 1004, 1009 (N.D. Cal. 2002); see also Simmons, 209 F. Supp. 2d at 1035.

Accordingly, the amount in controversy exceeds the minimum sum of \$75,000 set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a), exclusive of interest and costs.

V. VENUE

The Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Marin is located within the Northern District of California. Accordingly, this action is properly removed to this Court. 28 U.S.C. § 84(a); Rule 3-2(d) of the Local Rules for the United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

THEREFORE, Defendant gives notice that the above action, which was pending in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Marin, is hereby removed to this Court.

Dated: June 22, 2011

MILLER LAW GROUP A Professional Corporation

By:

Gregory F. Fortescue Attorneys for Defendant GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY

4827-6019-2009, v. 2

ExhibitA



William R. Hopkins SBN 170122
 Attorney of Law
 Blackfield Drive, No. 344
 Tiburon, CA 94920
 (Tel) (415) 435-5507
 (Fax) (415) 762-5202

COURT ESCOUNTS OFFICE COURT By: T. Fraguero, Deputy

Email: wrhopkins3@prodigy.net

Attorneys for Plaintiff TERRY THOMAS

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SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF MARIN

Case No.:

Plaintiff,
vs.

GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE
COMPANY, doing business in the State of a
California, AND DOES 1-100, inclusive,

Defendant

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

- 1. AGE DISCRMINATION
- 2. WRONGUL TERMINATION IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY;
- 3. SLANDER
- 4. INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS;

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

PRELIMINARY ALLEGATIONS

- Plaintiff TERRY THOMAS, a male over the age of 40, is, and at all times mentioned in this complaint, a resident of MARIN COUNSY, State of California and a former employee of defendant GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
- Defendant GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, is, and at all times relevant herein mentioned, a corporation doing business in the state of California, and is an employer within the meaning of applicable state laws.

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES - 1

Unless otherwise alleged in this complaint, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on the basis of that information and belief alleges, that at all times mentioned in this complaint, defendants were the agents and employees of their codefendants, and in doing the things alleged in this complaint, were acting within the course and scope of that agency and employment.

Plaintiff does not know the true names of defendants DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and therefore sues them by those fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes that DOES defendants are residents of the State of California. Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this complaint to set forth their true names when they are ascertained.

GENERAL BACKGROUND FACTS

- Plaintiff began his fulltime, permanent employment as a full-time Auto Damage Adjuster with Defendant GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY in or about September 3, 1996.
- At all times relevant, and at the time of his termination, Plaintiff Terry Thomas was 71 years old and within the protected category under the Fair Employment and Housing Act.

 Plaintiff is highly experienced in his profession and has served in the automobile insurance industry as an adjustor as well as supervising adjustor, fulfilling various roles in the adjusting field for nearly fifty years.
 - In the capacity of Auto Damage Adjuster, Plaintiff was responsible for the Assigned Claims Areas originating in several North Bay Area territories, inclusive of the City of Sonoma, Solano and Napa Counties. He had previously been assigned to work in Marin and Sonoma Counties as a drive-in adjuster.

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- 34. Despite having had a progressive disciplinary policy, Defendant entirely skipped the steps in that policy and terminated Plaintiff in a manner inconsistent with Defendant's own internal procedures and policies.
- 35. Plaintiff has fully exhausted remedies by filing a charge of discrimination with the Department of Fair Employment and Housing. Plaintiff has received his right to sue letter and now timely files this action.
- 36. All of the foregoing and following actions taken toward Plaintiff that are alleged in this complaint were carried out by managerial employees acting in a deliberate, cold, callous, malicious, oppressive, and intentional manner in order to injure and damage the Plaintiff while said employees were acting partially within and partially outside of the course and scope of their employment with defendant.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: AGE DISCRIMINATION [Against DEFENDANT and DOES 1-100, Inclusive]

- 37. Plaintiff realleges the information set forth in Paragraphs 1- 18 above, and incorporates these paragraphs into this cause of action as if they were fully alleged herein.
 - The Fair Employment and Housing Act (California Government Code 129200 et seq.) is the principal California statute prohibiting employment discrimination covering employers, labor organizations, employment agencies, apprenticeship programs and any person or entity who aids, abets, incites, compels, or coerces the doing of a discriminatory act. It prohibits employment discrimination based on race or color; religion; national origin or ancestry, physical disability; mental disability or medical condition; marital status; sex or sexual orientation; age, with respect to persons over the age of 40; and pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions. The FEHA also

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prohibits retaliation against for opposing any practice forbidden by the Act or for filing a complaint, testifying, or assisting in proceedings under the FEHA.

- 39. At all times relevant to this matter, Plaintiff was an individual over 40 protected by the provisions of the FEHA from unlawful age discrimination.
- 40. Defendant treated Plaintiff differently because of his age and discriminated against Plaintiff because of his age, subjecting Plaintiff to harsher disciplinary standards, circumventing policy and procedures and other standards otherwise applicable to employees under age 40, and implemented arbitrary disciplinary measures designed and calculated to lead to Plaintiff's termination.
- 41. Defendant also discriminated against Plaintiff because of his age by terminating him because of his age and in contravention of policies and procedures that otherwise applied to individuals under 40 or were applied in a more favorable manner to employees under 40 years of age.
 - As a direct and proximate result of the actions of Defendants, including the discrimination in the terms and conditions of his employment and the termination of Plaintiff's employment, Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to economic loss, pain and suffering, and extreme and severe mental anguish and emotional distress; Plaintiff has further suffered and will continue to suffer a loss of earnings and other employment benefits, loss of professional reputation; whereby Plaintiff is entitled to general compensatory damages in amounts to be proven at trial. Plaintiff is also entitled to attorneys' fees and cost.
- 43. The conduct of Defendants described hereinabove was outrageous and was done with malice, fraud and oppression and with conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights and with

the intent, design and purpose of injuring Plaintiff. Defendant through its officers, managing agents and/or its supervisors, authorized, condened and/or ratified the unlawful conduct described hereinabove. By reason thereof, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of punitive damages in an amount according to proof at time of trial.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: WRONGFUL TERMINATION and/or TORTIOUS CONSTRUCTIVE DISCHARGE IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY [Against DEFENDANT and DOES 1-100, Inclusive]

- 44. Plaintiff realleges the information set forth in Paragraphs 1- 18 above, and incorporates these paragraphs into this cause of action as if they were fully alleged herein.
- 45. Under California law, no employee, whether they are an at-will employee, or an employee under a written or other employment contract, can be terminated for a reason that is in violation of a fundamental public policy.
- Plaintiff is informed and believe, and based thereon alleges, that Defendants terminated Plaintiff's employment in violation of public policy of the State of California. Said actions violate the following statutes that affect society at large:
 - i) California Fair Employment and Housing Act
 - ii) California Civil Code §1709, which provides:
 - "One who willfully deceives another with intent to induce him to alter his position to his injury or risk, is liable for any damage which he thereby suffers."
 - iii) California Business and Professions Code §§ 17200-17500 et seq. which prohibits any unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice, a false or misleading statement;
 - iv) All other state and federal statutes, regulations, administrative orders, and ordinances which effect society at large, and which discovery will reveal were violated by Defendants. Such statutes include, but are not limited to, all applicable motor vehicle regulations, consumer protection laws and truthful disclosure laws.

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51.

Defendant terminated Plaintiff in violation of public policy by setting him up for termination because of his age, over 40, and by retaliating against Plaintiff for reporting and complaining of practices that violated the FEHA and Labor Code, which is inclusive of his having reported and complained that he was being discriminated against because of his age; Plaintiff's immediate supervisor engaged in deceit by placing Plaintiff on a false probation, abandoning company policies and procedures more favorably applied to individuals under 40, and terminating him for engaging in employer approved conduct. California Civil Code §1709, provides for civil liability against one who one who willfully deceives another with intent to induce him to alter his position to his injury or risk, California Civil Code §1710, provides civil liability against one who provides information or facts that are not true and/or likely to mislead. As a direct, foreseeable, and proximate result of the actions of Defendants as described above, Plaintiff has suffered, and continues to suffer, severe emotional distress, substantial losses in salary, bonuses, job benefits, and other employment benefits he would have received from Defendants, all to the Plaintiff's damage, in an amount unknown at this time but to be established at the time of trial.

Plaintiff prays for punitive damages against Defendants in an amount to be determined at the time of trial, that is sufficiently high to punish Defendants, deter them from engaging in such conduct in the future, and to make an example of them to others.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION: SLANDER [Against ALL DEFENDANTS and DOES 1 through 100, Inchesive]

Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 20 above as though set forth in full herein.

- 52. Following Plaintiff's termination, Defendant falsely reported to others that Plaintiff had been deficient in his performance.
- 53. Defendant made further negative statements concerning Plaintiff and damaging to his reputation.
 - As a proximate result of Defendants' aforementioned wrongful conduct, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer economic damages, loss of income, future wage loss, loss of professional reputation, grave emotional distress, including embarrassment, humiliation, and anguish, all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount unknown at this time, but according to proof at the time of trial.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION: INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS [Against ALL DEFENDANTS and DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive]

- 55. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 20 above as though set forth in full herein.
- Defendants' conduct, as thoroughly alleged above, was and is extreme and outrageous conduct amounting to intentional infliction of emotional distress, which was intended to and/or was done in conscious disregard of the probability of causing Plaintiff to suffer severe emotional distress.
- 57. As a proximate result of Defendants' aforementioned wrongful conduct, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer grave emotional distress, including embarrassment, humiliation, and anguish, all to Plaintiff's damage in an amount unknown at this time, but according to proof at the time of trial.
- 58. Defendants' conduct was willful, wanton, malicious, and with reckless disregard for the rights of Plaintiff so as to justify an award of exemplary and punitive damages.

1 2 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 3 4 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered in their favor and against 5 Defendants as follows: б 1. For general and compensatory damages, including prejudgment interest, in an amount according to proof at trial; 2. For costs and reasonable attorney's fees and expenses of suit (were allowed by 9 law); 10 4. For punitive damages where allowed by law; 11 12 4. Prejudgment interest on all amounts claimed; and 13 5. Such other and further relief as the court considers just and proper, including but 14 limited to a declaration of rights. 15 DATED: April 2, 2011 16 17 18 ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF, TERRY THOMAS 19 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 20 Plaintiffs herein request a trial by jury on all matters as of right. 21 22 DATED: April 2, 2011 23 24 ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF 25

Exhibit B

any sum whatsoever, or that Plaintiff is entitled to the relief requested or any other relief, or that Plaintiff has sustained any injury, damage, or loss by reason of any act, omission, or negligence on the part of Defendant, or by reason of any act, omission, or negligence on the part of any of Defendant's agents, servants, or employees. Defendant further denies that it is liable to Plaintiff under any theory, including, without limitation, the theories of liability asserted in the Complaint.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Defendant alleges the affirmative defenses set forth herein as to each and every cause of action and claim for relief asserted in the Complaint unless specified otherwise. By pleading these affirmative defenses, Defendant does not assume the burden of proving any fact, issue or element of a cause of action where such burden belongs to Plaintiff.

The Complaint is vague, ambiguous, indefinite and uncertain. Therefore, Defendant reserves the right to amend or supplement the affirmative defenses asserted herein, and to present evidence supportive of different or additional defenses, upon ascertaining the specific nature of the claims asserted by Plaintiff against Defendant.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to State a Claim)

Plaintiff's Complaint, and/or each purported cause of action therein, fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Statute of Limitations)

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the applicable statute(s) of limitations, including but not limited to, California Code of Civil Procedure §§ 335.1, 338 and 343, California Government Code §§12960 and 12965(b), as well as any other statutes that include applicable time bars, because if the harm he alleges occurred (which Defendant denies), such harm occurred outside the time allowed by these statutes of limitations.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure To Exhaust Administrative Remedies)

Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff failed to exhaust his administrative remedies with the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing and/or the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, and/or rely on allegations that were not contained in a timely complaint filed with the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing and/or the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. See Cal. Gov't Code §§ 12960, 12965; see also Martin v. Lockheed Missiles & Space Co. (1994) 29 Cal.App.4th 1718, 1724.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Subject Matter Jurisdiction)

The Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction over any discrimination, harassment and/or retaliation claims and allegations in the Complaint which are not contained in a timely administrative charge filed by Plaintiff with the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing and/or the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Workers' Compensation Preemption)

Plaintiff was Defendant's employee and alleges he was injured as a result of his employment. Defendant had workers' compensation insurance or was self-insured for workers' compensation claims at the time of Plaintiff's alleged injury or injuries. Therefore, if Plaintiff has suffered any physical and/or emotional injury related to his work for Defendant, his exclusive remedy for such injury is provided by California Labor Code § 3200, et seq...

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Good Faith / Legitimate Business Reasons)

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because all the actions and conduct by Defendant about which Plaintiff complains would have been made or taken regardless of any wrongful conduct alleged, were made without oppression, fraud or malice and were made in good faith for just, fair, privileged, justified, non-harassing, non-discriminatory, non-retaliatory and legitimate business reasons, based on all relevant facts and circumstances known by Defendant at the time it acted.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Avoidable Consequences)

Plaintiff is barred from any recovery because Defendant had in place and implemented in good faith, policies, procedures and other measures that were reasonably designed to prevent workplace discrimination, harassment and retaliation, Plaintiff unreasonably failed to invoke those measures or take other corrective actions regarding any perceived discrimination, harassment or retaliation, and to the extent Plaintiff suffered any harm (which Defendant denies), the reasonable use of such policies, procedures and other

measures would have prevented some or all of that harm.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Laches)

Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrine of laches.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Waiver and Estoppel)

Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff, by his acts and omissions, has waived and is estopped and barred from alleging the matters set forth in his Complaint.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Doctrine of Unclean Hands)

Defendant is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Plaintiff is barred from any relief by the doctrine of unclean hands.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to Mitigate)

Defendant is informed and believed and thereon alleges that Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent he has failed to exercise reasonable diligence to mitigate his damages alleged in the Complaint. The following allegations are likely to have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation and/or discovery:

To the extent Plaintiff is seeking to recover lost wages, Plaintiff could, by diligence, have found and retained employment substantially similar to his employment with Defendant. Plaintiff failed and refused to act with sufficient diligence to find other employment. Plaintiff also has failed and refused and continues to fail and refuse to exercise a reasonable effort to retain any employment that he has secured. Plaintiff therefore has failed to mitigate his damages.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to State a Claim - Punitive Damages)

Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's claim for punitive damages fails to state a claim under California Civil Code § 3294.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(After Acquired Evidence)

Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent Defendant has discovered, or will discover, additional evidence indicating that Plaintiff has engaged in conduct before or while Plaintiff was employed by Defendant that precludes or limits his assertion of the claims for relief and/or damages presented in the Complaint.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Vexatious Claim)

Plaintiff's maintenance of this action is without foundation, vexatious, and unreasonable, entitling Defendant to an award of attorneys' fees in the matter.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Consent)

Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's claim for punitive damages fails to state a claim under California Civil Code § 3294.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Truth)

As a separate and affirmative defense to Plaintiff's Third Cause of Action as set forth in his Complaint, Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, to the extent Plaintiff is barred from recovery on the ground that the statements alleged to be slanderous or defamatory are true.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Privileged Statements)

As a separate and affirmative defense to Plaintiff's Third Cause of Action as set forth in his Complaint, Defendant denies that it published, ratified or authorized any of the alleged defamatory or slanderous statements attributed to it in the Complaint, but, if it should be determined otherwise, then Defendant alleges, upon information and belief, that such statements were privileged under California Civil Code section 47, subsections (b) and/or (c), and made without malice.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(ERISA Preemption under 514(a))

As a separate and affirmative defense to Plaintiff's First and Second Causes of Action as set forth in his Complaint, Defendant alleges that, to the extent Plaintiff contends that Defendant made employment-related decisions that were unlawfully based upon or affected by determination(s) of eligibility for benefits under a plan regulated by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"), 29 U.S.C. § 1001, et. seq., or were motivated by a desire to prevent the attainment of such benefits under an ERISA-regulated plan, these causes of action are preempted by federal law (ERISA).

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(ERISA Preemption under § 502(a))

As a separate and affirmative defense to Plaintiff's First and Second Causes of Action as set forth in his Complaint, Defendant alleges that, to the extent that the "job benefits" and "other employment benefits" that Plaintiff(s) seek to recover in this action (See Plaintiff's Complaint, at ¶¶ 42, 49) include any benefits allegedly due or the clarification of rights under a plan regulated by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"), 29 U.S.C. § 1001, et. seq., the Complaint, and/or each purported cause of action therein, is preempted by federal law (ERISA).

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Not Employer)

As a separate and affirmative defense to Plaintiff's First and Second Causes of Action as set forth in his Complaint, Defendant is not liable to Plaintiff on any of these alleged claims for relief to the extent that Defendant was not, at the time of the alleged

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wrongful conduct, the employer of Plaintiff.

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RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

Defendant has not yet completed a thorough investigation and study or completed discovery of all facts and circumstances of the subject matter of the Complaint, and, accordingly, reserves the right to amend, modify, revise or supplement this Answer, and to plead such further defenses and take such further actions as it may deem proper and necessary in its defense upon the completion of said investigation and study.

WHEREFORE, Defendant prays for judgment as follows:

- 1. That Plaintiff take nothing by this action;
- 2. That the Complaint be dismissed in its entirety with prejudice, and judgment entered in favor of Defendant;
 - 3. That Defendant be awarded its costs of suit;
 - 4. That Defendant be awarded its attorneys' fees according to proof; and
- 5. That the Court award Defendant such other and further relief as the Court may deem proper.

Dated: June 21, 2010

MILLER LAW GROUP A Professional Corporation

Ву:

Gregory F. Fortescue

Attorneys for GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY

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1	PROOF OF SERVICE				
2	I, Cheryl Bower, declare that I am employed at Miller Law Group, A Professional				
3	Corporation, whose address is 111 Sutter Street, Suite 700, San Francisco, CA 94104; I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and am not a party to this action. On the below date, by				
4	the method noted below, I served the following document(s):				
5	DEFENDANT'S GENERAL DENIAL AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES				
6	on the interested parties in this action by placing a true and correct copy thereof, enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows:				
7	William R. Hopkins Attorney for Plaintiff: TERRY THOMAS				
8	Attorney at Law 1 Blackfield Drive, No. 344				
9	Tiburon, CA 94920				
10	Tel: (415) 435-5507 Fax: (415) 762-5202				
11	Email: wrhopkins3@prodigy.net				
12					
13	BY MAIL: By placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the ordinary course of business for collection and				
14	mailing on this date at Miller Law Group. 111 Sutter Street, San Francisco, California.				
15	I declare that I am readily familiar with the business practice of Miller Law Group for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal				
16	Service and that the correspondence would be deposited with the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business.				
17					
18	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.				
19	Executed on June 21, 2011 at San Francisco, California.				
20					
21	CherylBower				
22	Cheryl Bower				
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Exhibit C



Service of Proces Transmittal

05/23/2011

CT Log Number 518563206

TO:

Shawn Alfred Burklin **GEICO Casualty Company** 14111 Danielson Street Poway, CA 92064-6886

RE:

Process Served in California

FOR:

GEICO General Insurance Company (Domestic State: MD)

ENCLOSED ARE COPIES OF LEGAL PROCESS RECEIVED BY THE STATUTORY AGENT OF THE ABOVE COMPANY AS FOLLOWS:

TITLE OF ACTIONS

Terry Thomas, Pltf. vs. Geico General Insurance Company, etc., et al., Dfts.

DOCUMENT(S) SERVED:

Summons, Cover Sheet, Complaint

COURT/AGENCY:

Marin County, Superior Court, CA Case # CIV1102349

NATURE OF ACTION:

Employee Litigation - Discrimination - Wrongful termination on the basis of age

ON WHOM PROCESS WAS SERVED:

C T Corporation System, Los Angeles, CA

DATE AND HOUR OF SERVICE:

By Process Server on 05/23/2011 at 15:05

JURISDICTION SERVED:

California

APPEARANCE OR ANSWER DUE:

Within 30 days after service

ATTORNEY(S) / SENDER(S):

William R. Hopkins 1 Blackfield Drive No. 344 Tiburon, CA 94920 415-435-5507

ACTION ITEMS:

SOP Papers with Transmittal, via Fed Ex Standard Overnight, 794789787762

SIGNED: PER: ADDRESS:

C T Corporation System Nancy Flores 818 West Seventh Street

Los Angeles, CA 90017 213-337-4615

TELEPHONE:

RECEIVED

MAY 25 2011

S. Burklin

Page 1 of 1 / DA

information displayed on this transmittal is for CT Corporation's record keeping purposes only and is provided to the recipient for quick reference. This information does not constitute a legal opinion as to the nature of action, the amount of damages, the answer date, or any information contained in the documents themselves. Recipient is responsible for interpreting said documents and for taking appropriate action. Signatures on certified mail receipts confirm receipt of package only, not

5.23-11 copy

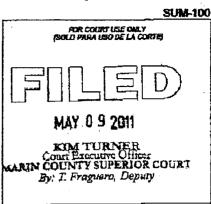
SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, doing business in the State of a California, AND DOES 1-100, inclusive

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

Terry Thomas



ON 1102349

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being neard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not project you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts. Online Self-Help Center (Invo.courter.ca.gov/self-help), your county less library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clark for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be falsen without further warning from the court.

may be taken without retrieved warming more the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may went to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the Cationria Legal Services. Web site (www.lawfreipcasformia.org), the Cationria Courts Online Self-Help Carrier (www.courtinto.ca.gov/ee/fireip), or by contending your local court or county less resociation. NOTE: The count has a statutory lies for walved fees and costs on any selficient of arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The count's lies must be paid before the count will dismiss the case. (AVISO) Lo nan demandado. Si no responde dentre de 30 dias, la corte puede decidir en su contra ain escucher su versión. Les la información a continuación.

Construcción.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen este citación y pepeles legales para presenter una respuesta por escrito en esta corto y tracer que se cultegue una copia al demandante, tina carta o una farmada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito fiene que estar en formato legal correcto el desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted preda usor para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formidiados de la corte y más informeción en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condudo o en la corta que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corta que la dé un formillario de exención de pago de cootas. Si no presente su respuesta a liempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corie la podrá quitar su sueldo, diuero y bienes sin más advertancia.

Hay obos requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede itamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede peger a un abogado, es posible que cumpia con los requisitos para obiener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales ato times de tucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin timas de tucro en el sillo web de Cetifornia Legal Services. (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org); en el Contro de Ayuda de las Corias de California, (www.rauconte.or.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corta o el colegio de abogados loceles. AVISO: Por ley, la corta tiena deractro a reclamer las cuotas y los coatos exentos por insposar un gravamen activa ovalquiar recuperación de \$10,000 ó más do valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la codo entes de que la corto puede deseober el caso.

The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es):

Marin County Superior Court, 3501 Civic Center Drive

San Rafael, California 94903

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:
(El numbre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es): William Hopkins, Attorney, 1 Blackfield Drive, #344, Tiburon, CA 94920 (415) 435-5507

AA TITISHIA	Hohrms, worn	KIM TURNER					
DATE: (Fecha)	MAY 0 9 2011		Clerk, by (Secretario)	T. FRAGUER Opputs			
For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).) Para pruebe de entrece de esta citatión use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).							
NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served							

(Para prueba de entraga de es	MOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served		
BEAL	as an individual defendant. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):		
	3 on behalf of (specify): Goice General Insurance Company, doing husiness in the State of C	California	
The same of the sa	under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.70 (conservative) CCP 416.40 (association of partnership) CCP 416.90 (authorized p		
	ther (specify):	ciani)	
	4. ty personal delivery on (date):	Page 1 of	

Form Admind for Mandality Use Author Council of California SUM-100 [Rev. July 1, 2000]

SUMMONS

Code of Civil Procedure \$2 412.30, 408

Adiunto)

	CM-010			
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar member, and accress): William Hopkins, SBN 170122	FOR COURT USE ONLY			
William Hopkins, SBN 170122 1 Blackfield Drive, #344				
Tiburon, CA 94920	1			
TELEPHONE NO: 415 435-5507 FAX NO: 415 762-5202				
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Terry Thomas	the continue			
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Marin	MAY 0 9 2011			
STREET ADDRESS: 3501 Civic Center Drive				
MALING ADDRESS:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
CITY AND ZP CODE: San Rafael, California 94903				
BRANCH NAME:				
CASE NAME: Terry Thomas v. Geico General Insurance Company, et al				
	CASE NUMBER			
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER 1 1 0 2 3 4 9			
Unilimited Limited Counter Joinder				
(Amount (Amount demanded demanded is Filed with first appearance by defendant	mose: p. oborg			
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less) (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	DEPT. (5			
Items 1-6 below must be completed (see instructions on pa	ge 2).			
Theck one box below for the case type that best describes this case:				
Contract Provi	sionally Complex Civil Litigation			
Auto (22) Breach of contract/warranty (06) (Call.	Rules of Court, rules 3.400–3.403)			
Uninsured motorist (48) Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)			
Other PLIPD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Other collections (09)	Construction defect (10)			
Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)			
Asbestos (04) Other contract (37)	Securities tiligation (28)			
Product liability (24) Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)			
Medical malpractice (45) Eminent domain/inverse	Institution coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case			
Other PI/PD/MO (23) condemnation (14)	types (41)			
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort Wrongful eviction (33)	reament of Judgment			
Business tort/unfair business practice (07)	Enforcement of judgment (20)			
Civil rights (08) Uniswful Detainer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Detamation (15)	ellaneous Civil Complaint			
Fraud (16) Residential (32)	RICO (27)			
intellectual property (19) Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)			
	ellaneous Civil Petition			
Other non-PVPDMD burt (35) Assat forfeiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)			
Employment Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)			
Writ of mandate (02)				
Other employment (15) Other judicial review (39) This case is is not complex under rule 3,400 of the California Rules of	of Court of the case is complex, mark the			
2. This case is is is not complex under rule 3,400 of the Camornia Rules of	of Court, it the base to complete many than			
factors requiring exceptional judicial management [Jame number of separately represented parties d. Large number of v	vitnessės			
a, Large transment of the party	related actions pending in one or more courts			
U. Land Extended by the property of the proper	states, or countries, or in a federal court			
190000 Bloc sale pa direct and an annual and an an annual and an	dgment judicial supervision			
C. Land Opposition activated to the control of the				
3. Remedies sought (check all that appty): a. monetary b. nonmonetary; decta	ratory or injunctive relief 🧠 🗸 punitive			
4. Number of causes of action (specify): 4				
r This ages le is not a class action suit				
6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may	use form CM-015.)			
Date: April 2, 2011	11 1			
William Hopkins, Attorney	Hel			
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME) (SIGNA	TURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)			
NOTICE NOTICE	xcent small claims cases or cases filed			
 Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (e.g., under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules or 	Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result			
	·			
in sanctions. File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.	A single a same while any or about an all			
• If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must selve a complex under rule 3.400 et seq.				
other parties to the action or proceeding.				
Unless this is a collections case under rule 3.740 or a complex case, was cover sheet.	Page 1 of 2			

ExhibitD

	1				
1	Michele Ballard Miller (SBN 104198)				
2	mbm@millerlawgroup.com Gregory F. Fortescue (SBN 249133)				
3	gff@millerlawgroup.com MILLER LAW GROUP				
4	A Professional Corporation 111 Sutter Street, Suite 700				
5	San Francisco, CA 94104 Tel. (415) 464-4300				
6	Fax (415) 464-4336				
7	Attorneys for Defendant GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY				
8					
9	CURERIOR COURT OF THE CTATE OF CALIFORNIA				
10					
11	MARIN COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT				
12	TEDDY THOMAS	O No - CN / 4400040			
13	TERRY THOMAS,	Case No.: CIV-1102349			
14	Plaintiff,	NOTICE TO SUPERIOR COURT AND TO			
15	v.	ADVERSE PARTY OF REMOVAL OF ACTION TO FEDERAL COURT			
16	GEICO GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY,	·			
17	doing business in the State of a [sic] California and DOES 1- 100, inclusive,				
18		Complaint filed: May 9, 2011			
19	Defendant.				
20					
21	TO THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT AND	TO PLAINTIFF AND HIS ATTORNEYS OF			
22	RECORD:				
23					
24	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THA	T on June 22, 2011, Defendant GEICO			
25	GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY ("Defendant") filed in the United States District Cour				
26	for the Northern District of California its Notice of Removal of Action under 28 U.S.C. §				
27					
28					
	i				

1441(a) (Diversity). A copy of that Notice of Removal is attached to this Notice as Exhibit 2 1, and is served and filed herewith. 3 4 PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d), the filing of said Notice of Removal of Action in the United States District Court, together with 5 6 the filing of this Notice to the Superior Court and Adverse Party, effects the removal of this action, and that this Court is directed to "proceed no further unless and until the case has been remanded." 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d). 8 9 Dated: June 22, 2011 10 MILLER LAW GROUP A Professional Corporation 11 12 By: 13 Gregory F. Fortescue Attorneys for Defendant GEICO 14 GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY 15 16 17 4827-4518-4265, v. 1 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27